

NITRATE MOTILITY BASE MEDIUM

CAT Nº: 1565

For the confirmation of *Clostridium perfringens*

FORMULA IN g/l

Casein Peptone	5.00	Disodium Phosphate	2.50
Galactose	5.00	Potassium Nitrate	1.00
Beef Extract	3.00	Bacteriological Agar	3.50

Final pH 7.3 ± 0.2 at 25°C

PREPARATION

Suspend 20 grams of the medium in one liter of distilled water. Add 5 grams of Glycerol. Mix well and dissolve by heating with frequent agitation. Boil for one minute until complete dissolution. Sterilize in autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C and dispense into sterile tubes. The prepared medium should be stored at 8-15°C. The color is clear amber, slightly opalescent.

The dehydrated medium should be homogeneous, free-flowing and beige in color. If there are any physical changes, discard the medium.

USES

NITRATE MOTILITY BASE MEDIUM is a confirmatory test medium for presumptive *Clostridium perfringens* colonies, that measures nitrate reduction and motility by various types of microorganisms. This test is specific for *Clostridium perfringens* in that it is non-motile and reduces nitrates to nitrites.

Nitrate reduction to nitrites, or some other nitrogenous compound such as Nitrogen (N₂), by the nitrate reductase enzyme is a valuable criterion for differentiating and identifying various types of bacteria. Motility is demonstrated by a diffused growth away from the stab line or inoculation spot. Non-motile organisms grow only amongst the stab line.

Casein peptone and Beef extract provide the nitrogen, minerals and amino acids nutrients essential for bacterial growth. Galactose is the fermentable carbohydrate as an energy source. Disodium phosphate acts as a buffer system. Potassium nitrate provides additional nutrients. Bacteriological agar is the solidifying agent.

Inoculate and incubate at 35 ± 2°C for 24 - 48 hours.

Nitrate reduction tests are conducted adding Gries reagent to the surface of the medium. Nitrate-positive organisms reduce nitrates to nitrites, turning the medium a pink color. Nitrate-negative organisms are unable to reduce nitrates and they yield no color after adding the reagent.

Gries reagent consists of 2 solutions:

Solution A

Sulfanilic Acid8 g
Acetic Acid 5N1 liter

Solution B

N,N-Dimethyl-1-naphthylamine 10 mg
Acetic Acid 5N1 liter

MICROBIOLOGICAL TEST

The following results were obtained from type cultures in the performance of the medium after incubation at a temperature of $35 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ during 24-48 hours.

Microorganisms	Motility	Nitrate Reduction
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i> ATCC 13124	-	+
<i>Clostridium bifermentans</i> ATCC 638	+	-

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Titters R.R. and L.A. Sancholzer 1936. The use of semi-solid agar for the detection of bacterial motility, J. Bacteriol 31: 575-580. Snell and Wright; 1941. J. Biol. Chem. 13: 675. Compendium of methods for the microbiological examination of foods. Am. Public. Health Association.

STORAGE

Once opened keep powdered medium closed to avoid hydration.

